

### TECHNICAL DATA SHEET

#### IAG 20 - Finixa instant adhesive gel - 20gr

#### PRODUCT DESCRIPTION

|                      |                               |
|----------------------|-------------------------------|
| Technology           | Cyanoacrylate                 |
| Chemical Type        | Ethyl cyanoacrylate           |
| Appearance (uncured) | Transparent clear liquid      |
| Components           | One part - requires no mixing |
| Viscosity            | High                          |
| Cure                 | Humidity                      |
| Application          | Bonding                       |
| Key Substrates       | Plastics, Rubbers and Metals  |

#### TYPICAL PROPERTIES OF UNCURED MATERIAL

|   |                 |
|---|-----------------|
| Specific Gravity @ 25 °C                            | 1.05            |
| Viscosity, Cone & Plate, mPa·s (cP):                |                 |
| Temperature: 25 °C, Shear Rate: 100 s <sup>-1</sup> | 900 to 1,500LMS |
| Viscosity, Brookfield - LVF, 25 °C, mPa·s (cP):     |                 |
| Spindle 2, speed 12 rpm                             | 1,150 to 1,500  |
| Vapour Pressure, hPa                                | <1              |
| Flash Point - See SDS                               |                 |

#### TYPICAL CURING PERFORMANCE

Under normal conditions, the atmospheric moisture initiates the curing process. Although full functional strength is developed in a relatively short time, curing continues for at least 24 hours before full chemical/solvent resistance is developed.

#### Cure Speed vs. Substrate

The rate of cure will depend on the substrate used. The table below shows the fixture time achieved on different materials at 22 °C / 50 % relative humidity. This is defined as the time to develop a shear strength of 0.1 N/mm

|                        |           |
|------------------------|-----------|
| Fixture Time, seconds: |           |
| Mild Steel (degreased) | 20 to 50  |
| Aluminum               | 10 to 30  |
| Zinc dichromate        | 40 to 100 |
| Neoprene               | <5        |
| Rubber, nitrile        | <5        |
| ABS                    | 15 to 40  |
| PVC                    | 20 to 50  |
| Polycarbonate          | 30 to 70  |
| Phenolic               | 10 to 40  |

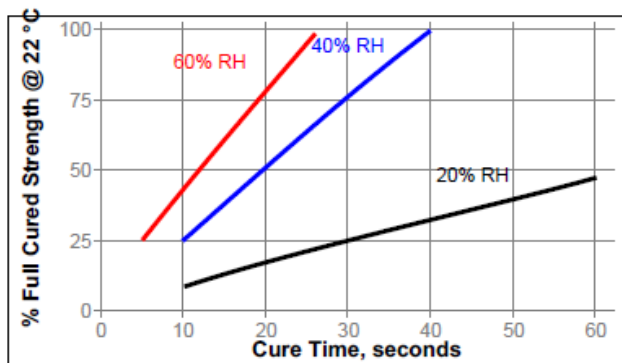
### Cure Speed vs. Bond Gap

The rate of cure will depend on the bondline gap. Thin bond lines result in high cure speeds, increasing the bond gap will decrease the rate of cure.

### Cure Speed vs. Humidity

The rate of cure will depend on the ambient relative humidity.

The following graph shows the tensile strength developed with time on Buna N rubber at different levels of humidity.



### Cure Speed vs. Activator

Where cure speed is unacceptably long due to large gaps, applying activator to the surface will improve cure speed. However, this can reduce ultimate strength of the bond and therefore testing is recommended to confirm effect.

### TYPICAL PROPERTIES OF CURED MATERIAL

After 24 hours @ 22 °C

Physical Properties:

|  |                      |
|--|----------------------|
| Coefficient of Thermal Expansion, ISO 11359-2, K <sup>-1</sup> | 100×10 <sup>-6</sup> |
| Coefficient of Thermal Conductivity, ISO 8302, W/(m·K)         | 0.1                  |
| Softening Point, DIN EN 1427, °C                               | 165                  |

### Electrical Properties:

Dielectric Constant / Dissipation Factor, IEC 60250:

|   |  |
|---|--|
| 0.1-kHz   | 2 to 3.3 / <0.02                           |
| 1-kHz   | 2 to 3.5 / <0.02                           |
| 10-kHz  | 2 to 3.5 / <0.02                           |
| Volume Resistivity, IEC 60093, Ω·cm               | 2×10 <sup>15</sup> to 10×10 <sup>15</sup>  |
| Surface Resistivity, IEC 60093, Ω                 | 10×10 <sup>15</sup> to 80×10 <sup>15</sup> |
| Dielectric Breakdown Strength, IEC 60243-1, kV/mm | 25   |

## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE OF CURED MATERIAL

### Adhesive Properties

After 24 hours @ 22 °C

Lap Shear Strength, ISO 4587:

Steel (grit blasted)

N/mm<sup>2</sup> 18 to 26  
(psi) (2,610 to 3,770)

Aluminum (etched) N/mm<sup>2</sup>

12 to 19  
(psi) (1,740 to 2,755)

Zinc dichromate

N/mm<sup>2</sup> 6 to 13  
(psi) (870 to 1,885)

ABS N/mm<sup>2</sup>

6 to 20  
(psi) (870 to 2,900)

PVC N/mm<sup>2</sup>

6 to 20  
(psi) (870 to 2,900)

Polycarbonate N/mm<sup>2</sup>

5 to 20  
(psi) (725 to 2,900)

Phenolic N/mm<sup>2</sup>

5 to 15  
(psi) (725 to 2,175)

Neoprene N/mm<sup>2</sup>

5 to 15  
(psi) (725 to 2,175)

Nitrile N/mm<sup>2</sup>

5 to 15  
(psi) (725 to 2,175)

Tensile Strength, ISO 6922:

Steel

N/mm<sup>2</sup> 12 to 25  
(psi) (1,740 to 3,625)

Buna-N N/mm<sup>2</sup> 5 to 15

(psi) (725 to 2,175)

"T" Peel Strength, ISO 11339:

Steel (degreased)

N/mm <0.5  
(lb/in) (<2.8)

After 10 seconds @ 22 °C

Tensile Strength, ISO 6922:

Buna-N

N/mm<sup>2</sup> ≥6.0LMS  
(psi) (≥870)

## TYPICAL ENVIRONMENTAL RESISTANCE

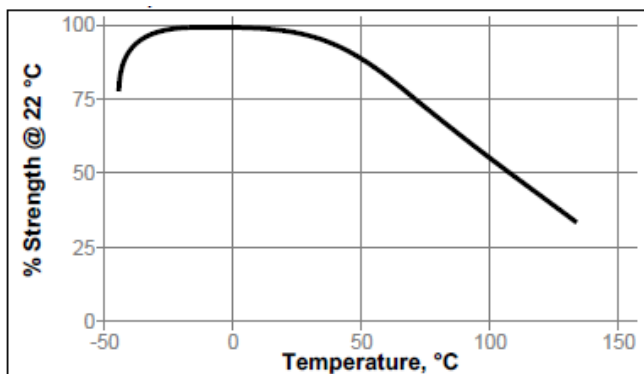
Cured for 1 week @ 22 °C

Lap Shear Strength, ISO 4587:

Mild Steel (grit blasted)

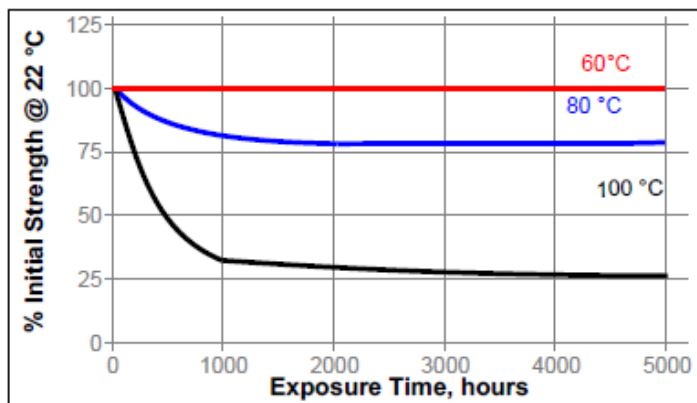
### Hot Strength

Tested at temperature



## Heat Aging

Aged at temperature indicated and tested @ 22 °C



## Chemical/Solvent Resistance

Aged under conditions indicated and tested @ 22 °C.

| Environment                           | °C | % of initial strength |       |        |
|---------------------------------------|----|-----------------------|-------|--------|
|                                       |    | 100 h                 | 500 h | 1000 h |
| Motor oil (MIL-L-46152)               | 40 | 100                   | 100   | 95     |
| Gasoline                              | 22 | 100                   | 100   | 100    |
| Isopropanol                           | 22 | 100                   | 100   | 100    |
| Ethanol                               | 22 | 100                   | 100   | 100    |
| Freon TA                              | 22 | 100                   | 100   | 100    |
| 1,1,1 Trichloroethane                 | 22 | 100                   | 100   | 100    |
| Heat/humidity 95% RH                  | 40 | 80                    | 75    | 65     |
| Heat/humidity 95% RH on polycarbonate | 40 | 100                   | 100   | 100    |

## GENERAL INFORMATION

This product is not recommended for use in pure oxygen and/or oxygen rich systems and should not be selected as a sealant for chlorine or other strong oxidizing materials

For safe handling information on this product, consult the Safety Data Sheet (SDS).

### Directions for use:

1. For best performance bond surfaces should be clean and free from grease.
2. This product performs best in thin bond gaps (0.05 mm).
3. Excess adhesive can be dissolved with cleanup solvents, nitromethane or acetone.

### Storage

Store product in the unopened container in a dry location.

Storage information may be indicated on the product container labeling.

Shelf life: 1,5 years

**Optimal Storage: 2 °C to 8 °C. Storage below 2 °C or greater than 8 °C can adversely affect product properties.**

Material removed from containers may be contaminated during use. Do not return product to the original container.

## Conversions

$$(^{\circ}\text{C} \times 1.8) + 32 = ^{\circ}\text{F}$$

$$\text{kV/mm} \times 25.4 = \text{V/mil}$$

$$\text{mm} / 25.4 = \text{inches}$$

$$\mu\text{m} / 25.4 = \text{mil}$$

$$\text{N} \times 0.225 = \text{lb}$$

$$\text{N/mm} \times 5.71 = \text{lb/in}$$

$$\text{N/mm}^2 \times 145 = \text{psi}$$

$$\text{MPa} \times 145 = \text{psi}$$

$$\text{N}\cdot\text{m} \times 8.851 = \text{lb}\cdot\text{in}$$

$$\text{N}\cdot\text{m} \times 0.738 = \text{lb}\cdot\text{ft}$$

$$\text{N}\cdot\text{mm} \times 0.142 = \text{oz}\cdot\text{in}$$

$$\text{mPa}\cdot\text{s} = \text{cP}$$

*The above information is given in good faith, but the user should assure himself that the performance of the product is sufficient for his application. The quoted values are average and should not be taken as maximum or minimum values for specific purposes. Chemicar Europe cannot be held responsible for product failure unless full testing has been carried out. The client has to decide on the products suitability for their own applications.*